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WOMAN CANDIDATE FOR SENATE SPEAKS

Miss Belle Kearney Makes Good
Impression on Small Audience.

Miss Belle Kearney spoke in the late afternoon at the U. S. Senate at the City Hall of Brookhaven, Thursday night.

The audience was small, probably because of the unfavorable weather and insufficient advance notices—in fact, the speaker stated that her audiences at Brookhaven and Hazlehurst were the smallest addressed during her campaign.

The fifty or sixty present, however, were thoroughly attentive and apparently deeply impressed by the speaker, whose experience as a teacher, lecturer and worker for prohibition and woman's suffrage has been a valuable training for an aspirant to public office.

Miss Kearney was introduced by Hon. Hiram Cassidy who stated that while Mississippi had never ratified the woman's suffrage amendment, receiving suffrage through the action of other states, the state had been a pioneer in other movements for the advancement of women, and might win the distinction of being the first state to send a woman to the United States Senate. Mr. Cassidy briefly stated that his lamented mother and her sister and Miss Kearney had been warm friends.

Miss Kearney, after a few remarks in acknowledgement stated that she had recently declined a lecture tour of three months in Pennsylvania at \$25 per night and a similar one in Virginia, and had returned to her home state of Mississippi to speak in favor of law enforcement for no payment at all upon learning the need for such work in this state.

Among other things, Miss Kearney stated that 40,000 women voters were registered, and that if they stood by her, she was sure of entering the second primary. Many of the best men in the state had expressed their intention of voting for her. Once in the second primary, her election was sure, since, if Mr. Vardaman should be eliminated, his supporters would turn to her, rather than to Stephens, while if Stephens were left at the post, the Stephens constituents would prefer her to Vardaman.

The bitter factionalism in the state was deplored by many of the best citizens, who would be glad to end it by sending to the Senate one who belonged to neither, while many others, disappointed at the developments of recent administrations of Vardaman associates, were leaving that faction.

Mr. Stephens, the speaker stated, served in Congress for ten years "and nobody heard of him." While a member of Congress, he voted against the enfranchisement of women, stating, in explanation that he was "inherently opposed to it."

Miss Kearney threw a wrench into the Stephens machinery when she said that Stephens did more than anyone else to secure election of Lee M. Russell as governor, Russell and Stephens hailing from the same district, and quoted Oscar Johnston as one of the supporters of this statement.

Ex-Senator Vardaman had misrepresented Mississippi six years in the Senate, voting against ten great patriotic measures, rarely voting with the Democratic party, hectoring with the most radical Republicans and asking what the Germans had done against us.

Miss Kearney declared herself in favor of such measures as would minimize the probability of war.

In regard to the bonus bill, she said she favored the bonus and every other good thing for the ex-soldier that could be secured without laying one dollar's tax upon the already burdened taxpayer. She favored lands for ex-servicemen where they could find homes. A heavier inheritance tax would solve the problem without hardship.

Very few women in Mississippi own taxable property—this was pos-

sibly due to their allowing it to be managed by their masculine relatives.

Only a fourth of the enlisted men of the United States army were able to read understandingly, and to write. Miss Kearney advocated a federal department of education. The government was spending four times as much on the bureau in charge of animals as on education. South Carolina is lowest in rank of the states in education, and Mississippi is next to the lowest. The Hawaiian Islands, Panama and Porto Rico are far ahead of Mississippi educationally. Every child has the right to be well born and well educated.

Mississippi is the only state where the blacks outnumber the whites, there being an inequality in numbers of 81,222. A large employer of labor told the speaker that he rarely found a negro who could not read, but the illiterates were common among the whites.

In Marion county she was told that in a large community of Holy Rollers, a third were illiterate, the most striking fact being that these illiterates were mostly young men in the early twenties.

The developments which have made the present gubernatorial administration notorious were deplored by the speaker.

The text-book commissions were expounded by Miss Kearney as having been "cut's paws" and not guilty of any intentional wrong, but there was strong probability of graft. Mississippi pays far more than Alabama and Tennessee for the very same text books.

Miss Kearney rejoiced at the political emancipation of women.

She referred to the aged, decrepit, and sometimes drunken senators who had observed while working in Washington for prohibition and woman's suffrage, declaring for efficiency and Christian citizenship. Earlier in the address reference was made to her over-seas service among the soldiers during the World War.

A number of apt and entertaining stories were interspersed with the more serious body of the address. On the whole, the speaker showed a thorough acquaintance with many of Mississippi's most serious problems, and gave the impression of being able to represent the state of Mississippi with ability and distinction in the United States Senate.

Jackson Missionary Caravan Visits Vicksburg.

The missionary caravan of Jackson returned from Vicksburg last night, arriving in this city for the most part shortly after midnight this morning. The general belief was that much good had been accomplished by the trip to the revival meeting in the Hill City. The inspiration of the visitors' presence and the tremendous force of their personal testimony is said to have been deeply felt.

"Go Tell the Story," was the slogan of the party in the words of the famous song which became so familiar here in the Gypsy Smith meeting, singing of songs in the tabernacle by the Jackson delegation. All the hymns and gospel songs sung here in the big tent in Poinsett Park were rendered over and over and the Vicksburg audience of 2,500 persons called again and again for more. Robert Philip led this service with the music of his trombone.

The story of their Christian experience told by a number of Jackson men stirred the audience deeply. Heart yearning testimonies were given by Harry Austin, L. L. Patterson, O. B. Dyer, W. E. Lyle, and G. E. Allen. The change which the spirit of God had wrought in their hearts was acclaimed. The happiness which the conversion had brought to the service of the devil to the service of God was the message which their testimony brought.

Sidney Robinson told them of the results of the mid-day prayer services in Jackson. J. M. Hartfield testified to the power of the daily family prayer, urged the adoption of the custom in homes where it had not been observed before. Mase Dalley declared that prohibition would not be difficult to enforce when men gave their hearts to God.

Julian Alexander acted as spokesman of the Jackson party and introduced the various witnesses to the service of God in Jackson. He told the Vicksburg congregation that the visitors did not come because they had a feeling of superiority or were better than the people of the Hill City. He said they had come because they wanted to tell what Christ had done for their souls and to see if they might not be of some aid in the good work that was being done by their neighbors in Vicksburg.

The Jackson party numbered about 80 persons including some women. They were met on their arrival in Vicksburg and served with a splendid lunch. Reserved seats had been marked out for them in the choir section. They were treated with every courtesy known to a hospitable people. Many believed that their Christian mission had been of special benefit to the speakers and felt the sustaining spirit of the association with the Vicksburg Christians.—Clarion-Ledger.

Young Son of W. S. Tatum Dies.

Little W. F. S. Tatum III, two-year old grandson of W. S. F. Tatum, prominent lumberman of this city, and son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Tatum, of West Pine street, died today following an attack of cerebral meningitis brought on by illness from pneumonia some time ago. The little boy had been seriously ill for nearly two weeks, and his life was despaired of when he lapsed into unconsciousness recently. He is the younger of the two children in W. S. Tatum's family, and the father and mother are overcome with grief at the tragedy that has come upon them.

Deceased was a sunny little chap, and his loss is mourned by the large circle of friends and relatives of the Tatum family in Hattiesburg.

Funeral arrangements have not been announced at present. — Hattiesburg American.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Davis spent Tuesday in New Orleans.

Big Planters and One-Crop Farmers Are a Thing of the Past in Lincoln County.

Diversify your crops on small acreage and be a successful, money-making farmer. We are going to give publicity to the kind of strawberries—the time to plant—where to buy the plants and the kind of fertilizer to use. We want enough farmers to plant a small acreage to strawberries to make carload shipments.

—Kiwanis Club.

Picnic for Grange Hall.

Messrs. Louis Noble, Lee Godbold, and Pat Case, committee, announce that a picnic will be held at Grange Hall School on June 23rd. All political candidates are invited to speak there. There will be dinner on the grounds, and ice cream and other refreshments will be obtainable. The picnic is held for the benefit of the school.

The leader acknowledges an invitation to be present at the marriage of Miss Annie Genevieve Thornton and Mr. James Meredith Menger, at First Baptist church, Russellville, Alabama, June twenty-eighth. The bride-elect is a daughter of Rev. and Mrs. M. K. Thornton, well known in Mississippi, while the groom-to-be is the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Menger, of Vicksburg, is a world war veteran and is associated with his father in his large furniture business. Mr. Menger was an aide to Col. Geo. C. Hoskins while the latter was at the head of the First Mississippi Regiment. He is also the youngest deacon of the First Baptist church of the Hill City and is active in all church enterprises. He is a nephew of Mrs. B. T. Hobbs.

Mrs. E. P. Gupion of Sulligent, Ala., has been a guest of her friend, Mrs. A. C. Cohen in Brookhaven. A friendship between the two began when Mr. Gupion was wood superintendent of the Denkmann Mill at Norfolk and resided there with Mrs. Gupion at the same time the Cohens were residents. Mrs. Gupion was made god-mother of little Bessie Mae Cohen and took the beautiful child with her to Alabama home this week-end. Mrs. Cohen expects to visit Mrs. Gupion in September and to accompany her little daughter back to her Brookhaven home.

Dr. Helen Hinton who has recently finished the medical course at Tulane University in New Orleans, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hinton, of this city, is spending two weeks here with her parents before proceeding to Philadelphia, Pa., where she will enter one of the large hospitals as an interne. Dr. Hinton graduated with highest honors at Tulane and was one of the ten leading graduates in a class of over one hundred and sixty.—McComb Enterprise.

The excellent weather for the last week has been helpful to the farmers, and as a result the crops of the county are in a good state of cultivation. The grain reported from any section. Most of the corn has been laid by with good prospects for a large crop. Cotton is growing rapidly and is further advanced than at this season last year, and with favorable weather an average crop may be expected.

Mr. F. E. D. Osborne left the first of the week for Woodville, Miss., where he has established the Woodville Undertaking Co. Mr. Osborne is thoroughly experienced in the undertaking and embalming business and has been connected with the Kennedy Undertaking Co., of this city for some time past. —McComb Journal.

Pres. C. B. Perkins, with his accustomed magnanimity conceived the idea of providing diversion on the Fourth for those, young and old, who cannot well go elsewhere. Show your appreciation by preparing a basket and taking your children to the community park and playgrounds July 4th.

A male chorus of 30 voices has been formed by sick and disabled veterans and the government hospital at Fort Bayard, N. M. Under the guidance of the American Legion this chorus gives frequent concerts for the benefit of the less fortunate bed-ridden patients.

Two were killed and two seriously injured in a motor wreck at Vicksburg Thursday. Cullen Stevens, aged 60, and his son, 18, were the victims. The car was dragged a hundred feet by a motor train on the Y. & M. V.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker Cunningham of McComb, visited Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Lotterhos Sunday.—Summit Sentinel.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Greer were welcome guests of the Gunnell home Sunday.

Mrs. M. E. Clark proudly witnessed the graduation of her son, Clyde, at A. & M. College, last week.

Friends of little Estus Gunney who was confined to his bed by illness are rejoicing over his early return to health and strength.

—Kids.

BIG FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION HERE

Baseball in Morning and Other
Athletic Sports and Speaking After Noon.

There is going to be an all-day celebration at the playgrounds July 4th. Baseball in the morning, between Brookhaven and Hazlehurst, and athletic sports in the afternoon—swimming races, foot races, sack races. Successful contestants will be given valuable prizes. There will be music all day by the municipal band.

The committee appointed on arrangements is as follows: J. W. McGrath, chairman; I. Abrams, Dr. O. N. Arrington, L. H. Bowen, L. R. Elizey.

Beside the above the report of the twenty-five who visited Hammond to investigate strawberry culture was made.

The Kiwanis Club will have formed printed for farmers to sign acreages to be planted by them. Merchants and banks have agreed to finance the farmers in the strawberry industry. An account of the trip to Hammond appeared in Wednesday's issue of the Leader.

Mrs. O'Donnell Entertains Miss Perkins.

One of the loveliest of the smaller private events of the month was the informal bridge party of two tables given by Mrs. T. L. O'Donnell, Tuesday afternoon, when she had a few friends in, in honor of her sister, Miss Susie Lee Perkins, of Brookhaven.

The hospitable O'Donnell home on Sixth Avenue, was given an added touch of attractiveness by the greatest profusion of double marigolds, which were artistically arranged. This yellow color motif was also carried out in the dainty salad courses enjoyed after the games. The tables were placed in the large living room. A pretty deck of cards was given as the prize, and it was won by Mrs. W. M. Duke. To Miss Perkins, Mrs. O'Donnell presented a lovely gold vanity case.

Miss Perkins was attractive Tuesday wearing a stunning semi-opaque frock of blue linen and pongee trimmed in cross stitch embroidery.

Mrs. O'Donnell is a charming hostess and her lovely hospitality was enjoyed by Miss Perkins, Misses Marie Rowan, Annette Beck, Frances Rooker, Madam W. M. Duke, O. C. Grigsby and W. J. Morris.—Hattiesburg American.

A Fatal Accident.

A very sad accident occurred last Saturday afternoon when Walter Sullivan, 17 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan who reside a few miles north of here, fell from the horse he was riding and broke his neck.

It is said that he and one of Mr. John Sullivan's boys were on their way to play ball somewhere in that neighborhood and they were racing their horses when one of the horses stumbled against the other, both falling and, in some way, caused the almost instant death of this young man, who we learn, only lived about thirty minutes after the accident.

His remains were interred in the Oak Grove cemetery last Sunday afternoon.—Franklin Advocate.

Mrs. Herring as Matron of Honor to Richmond.

Mrs. M. L. Herring, matron of honor of the Mississippi Division of Confederate Veterans, left last night for Reidsville, North Carolina, en route to attend the Reunion in Richmond, Va. Mrs. Herring will spend the summer in that city with her daughter, Mrs. James S. Wray, so sweetly remembered as Miss Margaret Herring, and it will only be a two hours run to Richmond, so it is that she will be in her place on Tuesday. Mrs. Herring will spend a greater part of the summer in travel before returning home in October.—Clarion-Ledger.

In the Matter of the Employment of County Home Economics Agent.

This matter having come on to be heard before this board and the board having carefully considered the same and it being the opinion of this board that it would be to the best interest of the county to retain their present Agent, Miss Eva E. Leggett, it is therefore ordered by this board that she be employed for six months from the expiration of her prior contract, and at and for the same salary in her former contract.

It is ordered that the Board do now adjourn until Court in course.

MT MORIAH NEWS.

Cucumbers are very much in evidence in this community.

Candidates sure are getting friendly. Election day is drawing near.

If you want to be voted for, Mr. Candidate, you had better attend the ice cream supper at Mt. Moriah. Your opponents will be there, good and strong. We are going to pick 'em out Friday night, June 23rd, not by their looks but by their qualifications—come and tell us about it.

Messrs. Ernest Chandler, Luther Middleton and families, are over from Shreveport visiting their parents. Looks like old times to see them back again.

There was a number of people down at Sunday school Sunday from Brookhaven. Among them were Misses Nora and Maggie Leggett, also Mrs. Lora Leggett and Mr. Jack Leggett.

Mr. Ira Martin was a visitor at Mt. Moriah Sunday, June 11th. Our club was well represented at the county Short Course. The ones who attended were Irene Smith, Mae Coon, Lillian and Alma Ballard, Minnie Summers and Elizabeth Burns. We all had a fine time and are looking forward to the next one.

We'll give you all the cream you can eat—if you've got the "dough." We are going to buy a Steam Pressure Canner with the proceeds.

Mt. Moriah Demonstration Club.

SONTAG NEWS.

We had preaching at the Methodist Church last Sunday at 11:00 o'clock and again at 7:30. Rev. Caraway, Dr. Caraway's son, of Sicily Island, La., doing the preaching. Everybody likes him.

Mr. and Mrs. Buford Mahaffy, of Braxton were visitors in the Caraway home Saturday and Sunday returning to their home through the country in a car on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Long of Louisa, have been visiting relatives in and around Sontag, for the past three weeks.

Mrs. Joe Wilson returned to Frogmore, La., last Saturday.

Miss Vera Terry spent Saturday and Sunday in the Hinton home.

Mr. J. V. Cotton visited relatives and friends down in Franklin county last week, and reported a good time there.

Hubert Douglas, George Williamson, and Excell Daughdrill left for Chillicothe, Mo., where they are going to take a business course. They will be gone for several months. Willie and Bennos Douglas will also go within a few weeks.

Mr. J. F. Armstrong is back again at T. W. Harris home and is doing nicely we are glad to note.

Mrs. W. A. Hinton and son, Bilbo, visited her mother, Mrs. J. L. Terry Monday.

Mr. C. E. Selman visited in Monticello last week.

Mrs. Neal McClelland went to see her husband last Saturday at Hattiesburg, returning Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Charlie Foster of Little Bahala, was a Sontag visitor last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Joe Brister, of Perch Creek, was a visitor to this community last Sunday.

Mrs. Ernest Douglas and Mrs. J. P. White made a business trip to Brookhaven last Tuesday.

The Misses Parnell and Miss Barger, of Bahala neighborhood, were in Sontag the week end.

Uncle Pole Buckley is in a very critical condition and is not expected to live many more days.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Terry and family spent last Sunday in the Hinton home.

Mrs. J. V. Cotton was called to the bedside of her brother, Bob Pittman, at D'Ilo, last Tuesday. He had a stroke of paralysis and is in a serious condition.

The Pickling Company is busy with the cucumbers these hot days. A fine crop will be made.

—Violet.

Prof. J. V. Bowen to New York.

A. & M. College, Miss., June 17.—Another of the absentees on leave from Mississippi A. & M. College during this summer vacation period will be Prof. J. V. Bowen, Dean of the School of Business. Mr. Bowen has made arrangements to go to New York City on June 27, where he has been invited to be a member of the faculty of the summer school of New York University. He expects to give an advanced course on American and Foreign Corporation Management. This is a course developed by him, based on the corporate practice of the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany. This is the only course of its kind, as understood that has yet been offered to students in this country.

Professor Bowen will be accompanied to New York by Mrs. Bowen and his little daughter, all of whom are looking forward to the experience with great interest.

In The Courts

JUSTICE BARRON'S COURT.

State vs. Oscar Case. — Charged with being father of a bastard child. Acquitted.

State vs. Commodore Williams. — Shooting with intent to kill and murder. Bound over to Circuit Court.

State vs. Aleck Smith. — Assault and battery. Plead guilty and fined.

State vs. Quin Johnson. — Assault and battery. Plead guilty and fine imposed.

MAYOR'S COURT.

Curtis Regur.—Selling liened property. Preliminary investigation. Defendant held to await action of grand jury under \$300.00 bond.

Charley Johnson, Prince Lightfoot, Jr., and Emanuel Williams. — Gambling. \$5.00 each and costs.

Rudolph Billups. — Permitting gambling in his place of business. \$100.00 and costs. Case appealed.

John Hughes. — Driving auto with muffler disconnected. \$2.50 and costs.

Harvey Turnbough. — Driving auto with cut out open. \$2.50 and costs.

Columbus Smith. — Having in possession intoxicating liquors. \$100 and costs. 50 per cent suspended.

Ernest Jenkins. — Assault and battery. Compromised and dismissed upon payment of costs.

Marriage Licenses Issued During the Past Week.

White.—Mr. Samuel Bollen and Miss Eula Lee Summers; Mr. Seth Smith and Mrs. Annie Bankston; Mr. Eugene Durr and Miss Alma Louise Smith; Mr. Robert Glover and Miss Dora Roberts.

Colored.—Robert Smith and Rosa Green.

National Commander Hanford MacNider of the American Legion, has tentatively accepted an invitation to speak before the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held in Des Moines, Ia., during the week of Sept. 24.

A sheet, pillow case or towel was the price of admission to an entertainment given by the American Legion Auxiliary at Wildwood, N. J. to acquire needed linen for sick and wounded soldiers confined at a New Jersey hospital.



HUGH V. WALL FOR CONGRESS

His Attitude on a Number of National Measures—Some Principles of American Democracy for Which He Stands.

Too Much Money in Politics.

He believes that too much money is spent, as a rule, in primary elections. The Newberry case is now a national scandal. He believes that strict laws should be enacted to prevent men from buying themselves into office because any man who will buy himself into office will sell himself out when he gets there. One of the signs of decay in the national life of all countries is the corruption of money in politics. Surely Paul was right, when he said, "For the love of money is the root of all evil" and this seems to apply too to the political life of a Nation, as it does to the individual.

A Square Deal for Farmers.

He believes that the Agricultural States should join hands and combine their forces and see that the farmers of this Nation get a square deal and he thinks that the "Agricultural Bloc" in Washington is a good beginning. An insidious deterioration in all civilized nations of the earth is the leaving of the farms by the young men and this is showing itself in our country to an alarming degree, and it is largely because the agricultural interests have been discriminated against by our National Government. He believes that the farmers should organize just as other business is organized; so that facts could be marshaled and presented in an intelligent way in order that they might get justice in the producing and selling of their products and that they may enjoy the same advantage in their calling as other enterprises of this government enjoy.

A Fair Chance for the Laboring Man.

He believes that all classes should be represented fairly. He believes in the dignity of Labor and that Labor should not be treated as a commodity but should be looked upon as one of the most honorable and dignified callings. He believes that "The laborer is worthy of his hire" and the man who labors should have the same fair chance to own his home, educate his children and have some of the luxuries of life—just in the same proportion as other callings, and all measures looking to this end should be adopted. He believes that Capital should have a square deal and all property, whether it belongs to capitalist, laboring man or any other person, regardless of calling, position, or standing, and regardless of whether it be natural or artificial persons, should be protected as provided by Law and the Constitution.

Government Should Contribute to Public Schools.

He believes that the Public School of this country is the foundation of our liberty and that the National Government should contribute liberally to the support of the Public School with sole supervision in the States.

America For America.

He believes in the Monroe Doctrine; America for America. He believes in the foreign policies announced by Washington and Jefferson. "Stay out of European Politics and avoid entangling alliances." He believes that all immigration should be stopped until world conditions get settled and then immigrants should be admitted only under the most rigid restrictions, if at all.

U. S. Courts Should be Reformed.

He believes that the United States District and Circuit Courts should be reformed or abolished, and if abolished, the jurisdiction now held by these courts should be transferred to the State Tribunals leaving just one great Federal Court, namely the Supreme Court of the United States. There should be a direct appeal from the State Court to the Supreme Court of the United States, where any Federal question is involved. This would make justice more speedy, more satisfactory and would save the people hundreds of thousands dollars every year. The expense of conducting litigation under our present system is beyond the reach of the average man. Our Federal and District Judges are appointed by the President of the United States for life, which is not in accord with Democracy but is a species of Autocracy, and it was placed in the laws of the United States only as a compromise. Life tenure in office should be abolished and this should apply to Judges as it now applies to all other public officials and the administration of justice placed in the hands of the Judges, more to the will and needs of the people and this would go a long way towards decentralizing this government.

Too Much Politics in Washington.

He believes, as many other men of this Nation who have given careful study to present day conditions, that there is too much POLITICS in Washington. We have too many Politicians and too few Statesmen. Our present day representatives in Congress give entirely too much time to the business of succeeding themselves and too little time to the great problems that are facing us as a Nation. He believes that unless we get away from small politics and begin to work seriously, honestly and intelligently upon the big problems, our future is unsafe.

Tax Laws Should be Amended.

He believes that the present Income and Inheritance Tax Laws should be amended so that large fortunes should bear a more equitable and just proportion of the burden of taxation.

President's Power Should be Curtailed.

He believes that the President of the United States should be nominated by a direct vote of the people and the appointing of Judges and the Cabinet and many other appointments should be taken out of the hands of the President and placed in the hands of the people. This would go a long way towards preventing the Party in Power through the President, from building up a political machine to perpetuate themselves in office, which is autocracy in a different form.

White Supremacy.

Thomas Jefferson said, "It is impossible for two distinct races to live amicably in the same Nation upon social, educational, industrial and political equality." Hugh Wall thinks this is fundamental and vital to the life of this nation. He therefore, believes that the Constitution of the United States should be amended so as to announce to the world that white supremacy in the United States is a fixed policy and the voting power should be restricted to the white people and the qualifications of the voter should be left solely to the States.

(Continued on 4th page.)